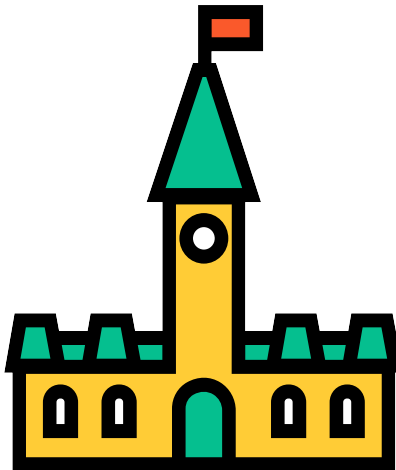
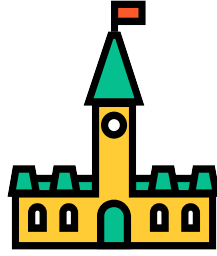









# The Referendum Period



**Document File**

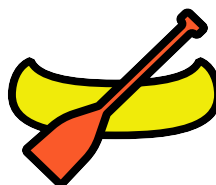


- ▶ The following document file contains all the documents you need to analyze in order to answer the questionnaire.
- ▶ You will need to analyze each document using the 5W method.

The 5 Ws	
Who	
What	
When	
Where	
Why	

alloprof

- ▶ Indicate your answers in the table accompanying each document.
- ▶ **Be careful!** Please note that a document may not contain all the elements of the 5W.
- ▶ Remember that points are awarded for the analysis of each document.



# Document 1

“On June 23, 1990, Canada reached the height of a very serious political crisis. The Meech Lake Accord, negotiated three years earlier by federal Prime Minister Brian Mulroney with the provincial premiers, was buried.”

Source: Radio-Canada, *Le 23 juin 1990, le Canada assiste à l'échec de l'accord du lac Meech*, 2020.  
Rights reserved\* [Translation provided by Alloprof]

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

## Document 2

### Citizens at the 1995 Referendum



Source : Fonds La Presse,  
Campagne du non au référendum, 1995.  
Rights Reserved\*

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

## Document 3

### The Patriation of the Canadian Constitution



Source: Library and Archives Canada, *Pierre Elliott Trudeau signing the proclamation of the Constitution Act with Queen Elizabeth II*. Rights reserved\*

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

## Document 4

“ [...] Robert Bourassa launched the Bélanger-Campeau Commission [...]. This commission organized public consultations, recognizing that the political and constitutional status of Quebec needed to be redefined. To settle this question, [...], the commission recommended holding a new referendum on Quebec sovereignty [...].”

Source: Alloprof, *The Period Between the 1980 Referendum and the 1995 Referendum*, (n.d.).

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

# Document 5

## Brian Mulroney and Robert Bourassa



Source: Toronto Public Library, *Prime Minister Brian Mulroney shakes hands with Premier Robert Bourassa at Meech Lake*. Rights reserved\*

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

## Document 6

“Last night, the NO side may just have won the referendum, barely breaking the fifty percent mark [...]”

Source: Dubuc, A., *Une victoire sans joie*, 1995. Rights reserved\* [Translation provided by Alloprof]

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**



# Document 7

**Jean Allaire**



Description: Author of the report, "*Un Québec libre de ses choix*" (A Quebec free to make its own choices).

Source: Fonds La Presse, Jean Allaire, 1991. Rights Reserved\*

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**



## Document 9

Posters for the YES Side and the NO Side in May 1980 in Quebec



Source : *Referendum May 1980*, 2013.

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

# Document 10

## Excerpt From a Speech by Pierre Elliott Trudeau

“It’s to the undecideds who are staggering that I turn. If it’s a NO vote, we’ve all said that it will be interpreted as a mandate to change the Constitution and renew federalism. It’s not just me saying this, it’s 74 Liberal members of Parliament in Ottawa, and the premiers of the other nine provinces.”

Source: Barbeau, F., *Trudeau s’engage à renouveler immédiatement le fédéralisme*, 15 mai 1980. Rights Reserved\* [Translation provided by Alloprof]

**Who?**

**What?**

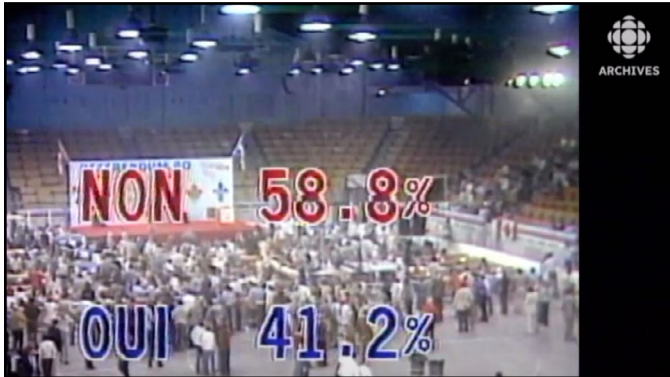
**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**

# Document 11

## The Results of the Referendum on Sovereignty-Association



Description: On May 20, 1980, in a referendum, the population of Quebec rejected the proposal to make Quebec sovereign.

Source: Radio-Canada, Archives - Il y a 40 ans, le Québec disait « non » à la souveraineté, 2020. Rights Reserved\*

**Who?**

**What?**

**When?**

**Where?**

**Why?**