Review Activity
Student

Quebec Under the Duplessis Government

alloprof
Head to alloprof.ca/en for more ressources

The Maurice Duplessis Government - 1944 to 1959

Political party: _____

Development of Quebec's Economy

Economic Liberalism



Maurice Duplessis advocated for economic liberalism. Therefore, he relied on _____ and limited _____ to develop Quebec's economy.

American companies were encouraged to establish themselves in Quebec through favourable conditions, such as _____ reductions and low-cost _____.

There were three main reasons for the rapid expansion of natural resource exploitation.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

The arrival of American companies led to the _____ and the development of the _____ and _____.

Continentalization of the Economy

Exploitation of resources in _____ → Export of part of those resources to the _____ ↓

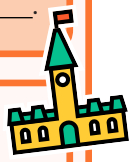
Processing of resources in _____ and the United States ← Assembly of products in Canada, in _____

Politics

After World War II, the federal government wanted to retain the power to _____.

Only Quebec and Ontario refused.

The Government of Canada was presenting itself as a _____, that is, a State that actively intervenes in the economic and social sectors to promote societal development and equitably redistribute _____.



The federal government's welfare state was at odds with Duplessis's economic liberalism. Duplessis saw it as a threat to _____.

Duplessis was a staunch advocate of provincial autonomy.



There was a rejection of federal government subsidies intended for _____.

Adoption of the _____ in 1948

_____ Commission in 1953

Creation of a _____ in Quebec



Inauguration of the _____ in 1959 to facilitate the transportation of goods between Canada and the United State

© Alloprof

Review Activity
Student

Quebec Under the Duplessis Government

alloprof
Head to alloprof.ca/en for more ressources

Modernization of Agriculture

Duplessis implemented various measures to modernize the agricultural sector.



Granted subsidies to help drain and dry out flooded arable land

Maintained access to agricultural credit through _____ to make it easier for farmers to borrow money

Adopted the _____ in 1945 to bring electricity to farms

Expanded responsibilities for the _____



Created the _____ in 1956 to better regulate the sale of agricultural products

The Role of Religion

The Duplessis government championed _____. He wanted to preserve traditional French-Canadian values, such as _____ and having _____. For its part, the Catholic Church encouraged the population to submit to State authority.

Until the 1960s, the Church was responsible for _____ and _____.

That enabled it to maintain his power over the population. This heavy influence of the Church in political and social affairs is known as _____.

Through his social conservatism, Maurice Duplessis gained significant support from the _____ _____ and from _____. That enabled him to maintain his power over the population.



1946: Creation of the _____ _____ by the Catholic Church.

With the support of the State, the Church also left its mark on culture. It _____ certain books and films when they conveyed messages or values that were inconsistent with those of the Church.

Opposition Groups

Unions

Maurice Duplessis's government strongly opposed unions.

The government supported _____ and _____ during labour disputes or strikes.

Laws were adopted that limited or revoked workers' right to strike.

The Padlock Act



Introduced in _____ to limit the activities of _____ and the _____.

Intellectual and Artistic Domain



Publication of _____ in 1948. It rejected social conservatism and denounced the Catholic Church's hold over Quebec society.

Founding in _____ of the magazine *Cité libre*, which criticized conservatism and challenged the clergy's influence on public affairs.

© Alloprof